

## THALLOLOMA

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*Thalloloma* Trevis., *Spighe e Paglie* 1: 13 (1853); from the Greek *thallon* (a branch or twig), and *loma* (a fringe or hem), possibly in reference to the branched lirellae.

Type: *T. anguinum* (Mont.) Trevis.

Thallus off-white, pale greyish white or pale greyish green, thin, smooth, dull, lacking isidia and soredia. Ascomata lirelliform, initially fissurine, becoming open and immersed to sessile. Disc black, epruinose. Proper exciple inconspicuous, non-carbonised. Hymenium not interspersed, I-. Ascospores 2–8 per ascus, narrowly ellipsoidal, hyaline, transversely septate with lenticular locules, or submuriform to muriform, I+ blue.

Chemistry: Stictic acid present, or secondary compounds absent.

A tropical, corticolous genus of 11 species, one of which is known from Australia.

A.W.Archer, The lichen genus *Graphina* (Graphidaceae) in Australia: new reports and new species, *Mycotaxon* 77: 153–180 (2001); A.W.Archer, New combinations and synonymies in the Australian Graphidaceae, *Telopea* 11: 59–78 (2005).